

Room I (203)

Session Title 26I2 / [T10] Advances in Metamaterials
Date & Time Wednesday, 26 August, 11:00 ~ 12:15
Session Chairs Masaaki Ono (NTT, Japan)
 Young Chul Jun (UNIST, Korea)

[26I2-1] 11:00~11:30 Invited Talk

Hyperbolic Metamaterials

Evgenii Narimanov¹ and Ishii Satoshi²

¹Purdue University, USA, ²National Institute for Materials Science, Japan

Photonic hyper-crystals represent a new class of artificial optical media. These composites, which are hyperbolic metamaterials with periodic spatial variation of dielectric permittivity on a subwavelength scale, combine the features of optical metamaterials and photonic crystals.

[26I2-2] 11:30~11:45

Tunable and Broadband Perfect Absorption in Epsilon-Near-Zero Indium Tin Oxide Thin Films at Near Infrared Wavelengths

Junho Yoon¹, Md. Alamgir Badsha¹, Tae Young Kim¹, Young Chul Jun², and Chang Kwon Hwangbo¹

¹Inha University, Korea, ²UNIST, Korea

In this study we demonstrate tunable and broadband perfect absorption in epsilon-near-zero ITO thin films and multilayers at near infrared wavelengths and investigate their optical, electrical, and structural properties.

[26I2-3] 11:45~12:00

Hollow Core Negative Curvature Fiber with Layers of Photoaligned SD1 Azo Dye

Denis Bogdanovich¹, Abhishek Shrivastava², Vladimir Chigrinov², Alexander Biriukov³, and Andrey Pryamikov³

¹Irkutsk State Technical University, Russia, ²Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, China, ³Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia

Microstructured hollow core negative curvature fiber containing layers of SD1 azo dye exhibits spectral shift of photonic bandgaps and change of guided light amplitude under the influence of external linearly polarized UV radiation.

[26I2-4] 12:00~12:15

Full-field Sub-wavelength Imaging with a Multiple Scattering

Chunghyun Park¹, Jung-Hoon park¹, Christophe Rodriguez², Hyeon Seung Yu¹, Minkwan Kim¹, Kyoungsuk Jir², Seungyong Han², Jonghwa Shin¹, Seung Hwan Ko², Ki Tae Nam², Yong Hee Lee², Y. Cho¹, and Yong Keun Park¹

¹KAIST, Korea, ²Seoul National University, Korea

We demonstrate the scattering superlens using elastic scattering to obtain sub-diffraction resolution. Scattering from disordered nanoparticles enables to reconstruct the sub-wavelength image of the target through time-reversal and transmission matrix.

Room J (204)

Session Title 26J2 / [T12] III - V Integrated Photonics
Date & Time Wednesday, 26 August, 11:00 ~ 12:00
Session Chairs James A. Lott (Technische Universität Berlin, Germany)
 Yongsoon Baek (ETRI, Korea)

[26J2-1] 11:00~11:30 Invited Talk

Development of a Versatile InP-Based Photonic Platform Based on Butt-Joint Integration

Francisco M. Soares, Francisco M. Soares, Tom Gaertner, Dieter Franke, Martin Moehrl, and Norbert Grote

Fraunhofer Heinrich-Hertz Institute, Germany

This paper describes the development of a very-versatile InP-Based Photonic-Integration platform by Butt-Joint integration of the passive waveguides to active waveguides across a relatively high mesa of 3-4 μ m. The Butt-Joint losses are currently around 1dB.

[26J2-2] 11:30~11:45

Dynamic Behavior of 1.3- μ m npn-AlGaInAs/InP Transistor Lasers under Collector-Base Voltage Loss-modulation

Takaaki Kaneko, Takumi Yoshida, Tadano Shotaro, Nobuhiko Nishiyama, and Shigehisa Arai
Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan

An intensity modulation of 1.3- μ m wavelength npn AlGaInAs/InP transistor laser was demonstrated by collector-base voltage loss-modulation at 1 GHz. A 150-ps wide pulse operation was observed with the peak intensity enhanced by approximately 6 times the CW intensity level.

[26J2-3] 11:45~12:00

Experimental and Numerical Investigation of Slow Carrier Relaxation in an InGaAs/GaAs Quantum Dot Laser Diode

Jong Min Lee¹, Bong Hwan Jun¹, Donghan Lee¹, and Jungho Kim²

¹Chungnam National University, Korea, ²Kyung Hee University, Korea

Spontaneous emission from InGaAs/GaAs quantum dots was investigated above the lasing threshold through windows structure on a laser diode. We found a clear evidence of slow carrier relaxation from the excited state to the ground state in a lasing condition.